

Annex 1 – Detailed evaluation of the objects of support

Tab. 9: Evaluation of references to objects of support of Filter Stage 1 (Urban Dimension in the strict sense) (Source: Own work)

Non-city-states – Objective 1			Non-city-states – Objective 2			City-states – Objective 2		
Category	Topic	Qty	Category	Topic	Qty	Category	Topic	Qty
social infrastructure	Primary and lower secondary education	3	Social infrastructure	Integration: low-income households + ethnic minorities	3	Social infrastructure	Primary and lower secondary education	1
	Integration: low-income households	2		Integration: senior citizens and women	1		Cultural facilities	1
	Integration: disabled	1		Cultural facilities	1		Upper secondary education	1
	Integration: senioren	2		Reducing local crime	1		Tertiary education	1
	Childcare	2		Upper secondary education	1	Urban development and architectural heritage	Enhancement and rehabilitation: green and outdoor spaces (strengthening local identity)	1
	Cultural facilities	1		Social service providers	1		Enhancement and rehabilitation: roads and squares (strengthening local identity)	1
	Lifelong learning	1		Urban social infrastructure	3		Brownfield regeneration	3
	Reducing local crime	1	Urban development and architectural heritage	Brownfield regeneration	4		Land management and reducing land consumption	1
	Upper secondary education	1		Mixed use	1		Location/stakeholder initiatives	1
	Social services: youth work	2		Inner city development	2	Technical infrastructure	Urban technical infrastructure	2
	Social services: care for the elderly	1		Cultural heritage	3	The environment	Contaminated sites (securing + clean-up)	1
	Sport	1	Technical infrastructure	Urban networks	1	Urban governance	Actor participation/mobilisation	1
	Urban social infrastructure	2		Enhancement of the surroundings	2		Public participation/mobilisation	1
	Tertiary education	1		Public transport	1		Neighbourhood management	1
Urban development and architectural heritage	Enhancement and rehabilitation: green and outdoor spaces (strengthening local identity)	5	Technical infrastructure	Rail transport	1		Administration: transparency and accessibility	1
	Enhancement and rehabilitation: green and outdoor spaces (strengthening local identity)	3		Urban transport management	1	Economy	District economy	4
	Enhancement and rehabilitation: roads and squares (strengthening local identity)	2		Road construction	1			
	Brownfield regeneration	4	The environment	Pollution control	2			
	Mixed use	3		Conceptualisation	1			
	Municipal development	2	Urban governance	Integrated urban development plans	1			
	Compact settlement structure	1		Public participation/mobilisation	2			
	Refurbishment/rebuild: living space control	1	Economy	Neighbourhood management	2			
	Refurbishment: listed structures	1		General economic development aid	2			
	Enhancement of the surroundings	2		Labour market: creation of jobs in the local area	1			
Technical infrastructure	Urban technical infrastructure	2		Gender equality: training and support for women	1			
	Urban transport private motorised transport	3		Start-up/technology centres	1			
	Industry-related infrastructure	2		Start-up support	3			
The environment	Contaminated land (safeguarding + clean-up)	1		Processual/structural innovation support	1			
	Energy efficiency	3		District economy	2			
	Pollution control	2		Support for tourism	1			
Urban governance	Integrated urban development (plans)	3						
	Urban area management	2						
Economy	General economic development aid	3						
	Business consulting	1						
	Start-up support	1						
	District economy	1						
	General innovation support	1						

Tab. 10: Evaluation of references to objects of support in Filter Stage 2 (Source: Own work)

Non-city-states – Objective 1			Non-city-states – Objective 2			City-states – Objective 2		
Category	Topic	Qty	Category	Topic	Qty	Category	Topic	Qty
Social infrastructure	Childcare	1	Economy	R&D	2	Social infrastructure	Urban social infrastructure	1
	Upper secondary education	1		Spin-offs	1		Tertiary education	1
	Tertiary education	1		Knowledge transfer and applied research	2	Urban development and architectural heritage	Brownfield regeneration	1
Urban development and architectural heritage	Brownfield regeneration	3					Land management and reducing land consumption	1
The environment	Energy efficiency	1					Location marketing and profiling	2
	Pollution control	1					Enhancement of the surroundings	1
Economy	R&D	3				Technical infrastructure	Waste disposal: sewage	1
	Cluster management	1					Cycle track and footpath network	1
	Support for R&D companies	1					Road construction	1
	Commercial space	1				The environment	Emissions reduction	2
							Energy efficiency	3
							Renewable energies	4
							Conceptualisation	4
							NATURA 2000	2
							Renaturation	1
							Environmental management systems	2
						Urban governance	Administration: transparency and accessibility	1
							General innovation support	4
						Economy	General economic development aid	6
							Applied research	1
							Cluster development	6
							Cluster management	2
							R&D	3
							Support for R&D companies	8
							Gender equality: training and support for women	1
							Start-up/technology centres	3
							Start-up support	7
							ICT	3
							Centre of excellence	2
							Processual/structural innovation support	2
							Support for tourism	3
							Support networks	5
							Knowledge transfer	1
							Knowledge transfer and applied research	2

Tab. 11: Evaluation of references to objects of support in Filter Stage 3 (Urban Dimension in the broad sense without Urban Dimension in the strict sense) (Source: Own work)

Non-city-states – Objective 1			Non-city-states – Objective 2		
Category	Theme	Qty	Category	Theme	Qty
Social infrastructure	Tertiary education	5	Social infrastructure	Tertiary education	5
	Upper secondary education	2		Healthcare	1
	Healthcare	1		Integration: low-income households + ethnic minorities	1
	Integration: disabled	1		Reducing local crime	1
	Social services: senior citizens and disabled	1		Upper secondary education	1
				Upper secondary education	1
Urban development and architectural heritage	Brownfield regeneration	1		Social service providers	1
Technical infrastructure	Ports	3	Urban development and architectural heritage	Brownfield regeneration	1
	Cargo terminals	2		Support for regional development concepts	1
	Waste disposal: sewage	1		Mixed use	1
	Urban transport public transport	1		Cultural heritage	1
	Urban transport management	1		District economy	1
				Enhancement of the surroundings	1
The environment	Renewable energies	1		Urban agglomeration area	1
	Pollution control	1	Technical infrastructure	Ports	2
Economy	Support for R&D companies	12		Cargo terminals	1
	R&D	4	Economy	Support for R&D companies	17
	Knowledge transfer and applied research	3		Start-up/technology centres	7
	Business consulting	2		R&D	6
	Start-up/technology centres	2		Cluster management	4
	General economic development aid	1		General economic development aid	2
	Centres of excellence	1		Cluster development	2
	Spin-offs	1		Centres of excellence	2
				Spin-offs	2

Annex 2 – Project checklist

Project checklist	In brief
1. Indicators for contribution to European sustainability goals and the Lisbon Strategy	
Economy	
The project will create permanent jobs subject to social security.	Job creation
The project networks industry and science.	Industry/science networking
The product supports lifelong learning.	Lifelong learning
One of the project's aims is to set up new businesses.	Start-ups
The project revenue will in the medium or long term refinance the local authority's own contribution.	Refinancing of local authority contribution
The private sector and public sector work together in the project.	Private/public sector cooperation
The project will improve the location's attractiveness/competitiveness.	Boosting the location's competitiveness
A usability study has been carried out for the project.	Feasibility study
Social aspect	
The project encourages civic engagement/voluntary activity.	Civic engagement
The project includes cooperation between different local authorities.	Cooperation among local authorities
The project promotes equality for women.	Gender equality
The project will help improve the balance between career and family life.	Work/family balance
The project will improve educational and/or leisure facilities for children of all ages.	Educational/leisure facilities for children
The project will improve the situation of people with an ethnic minority background.	Ethnic minority background
The project will help improve the local arts scene.	Culture
The project will help enhance public spaces.	Enhancement of public spaces
The quality will help increase the quality of the residential environment.	Quality of residential environment

The environment	
The project will reduce/minimise the proportion of sealed surfaces (e.g. by removing impervious surfaces or revitalising inner-city brownfields) and hence help reduce the consumption of natural resources.	Reduced land sealing
The project will lead to an increase in the use of renewable fuels.	Renewable fuels
The project will help reduce emissions of greenhouse gases (e.g. by raising energy efficiency, modernising industrial facilities, lower volumes of traffic, renewable energies).	Reduced greenhouse gases
The project will help reduce pollution (e.g. by modernising industrial facilities, transport actions).	Reduced pollution
The project will help reduce the accumulation of refuse in the local authority.	Reduced waste
The project will lead to the increased use of public transport (improvement/support for public transport).	Increased use of public transport
The project will reduce noise pollution (e.g. noise barriers, traffic reorganisation).	Lower noise pollution
The project will help expand the cycle track network (construction of new cycle tracks, improvement of existing ones).	Cycle tracks
The project includes actions for the renaturation of lakes and rivers.	Renaturation of lakes and rivers

2. Indicators for contribution to the objectives of the Leipzig Charter	
Establishment in an urban development strategy	
The project is part of an integrated urban development plan (IUDP) or is part of an action priority/field of action of an IUDP.	IUDP component
The project is part of a master plan or belongs to an action priority/field of action of a master plan.	Master plan component
The project is part of an integrated sub-area action plan (SAAP) or is part of an action priority/field of action of an SAAP.	SAAP component
The project is implemented in a disadvantaged area with a high action priority.	Disadvantaged district
Integration dimension	
The project's schedule has been coordinated with other actions in the district/city.	Scheduling coordination
The project's content has been coordinated with other actions in the district/city.	Content coordination
The project's has been spatially coordinated with other actions in the district/city.	Spatial coordination
The project's schedule, content or spatial aspect has been linked to other actions in order to generate synergy.	Synergy
Coordination levels	
The project plan has been discussed with local political figures while being drawn up.	Discussion with local politicians
The project plan has been discussed with local business figures while being drawn up.	Discussion with business
The project plan has been discussed with local NGOs (non-state interest groups) while being drawn up.	Discussion with NGOs
The project plan has been discussed with the local public while being drawn up.	Discussion with the public
The project plan has been discussed at the operational inter-departmental level in the administration while being drawn up.	Discussion in the administration
The project has been: developed evaluated approved within the local authority by an inter-departmental administrative steering group.	Inter-departmental development Inter-departmental evaluation Inter-departmental approval
Inter-departmental coordination/control structures have been created for the project.	Coordination structures

Annex 3 – Project profiles

Case study: Bad Langensalza, Thüringen

Enhancement and stabilisation of the historical old town

OP priority: Sustainable regional and urban development
OP field of action: Support for sustainable urban development in towns with a population exceeding 10,000



Project content	
Project aims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Preservation and refurbishment of a historically and architecturally significant mediaeval area • Development of the town centre, improving amenities, boosting tourism
Project actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Main aim of refurbishment: arrangement of public spaces and squares following single-stage limited ideas and implementation competition
Results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Action is part of the regeneration strategy for the whole town, including the sustainable urban development of a small town and its surroundings in largely rural area • Creation of living conditions and structures with an equally high quality not just for the present but also future generations

Project process	
Duration	About 2 years
Start	Pedestrian area: November 2007 Museum Square: December 2007
Completion	December 2009

Funding	
Structural Fund	ERDF
Beneficiary	Local authority
Name of beneficiary	Bad Langensalza town council
Level of funding	Pedestrian area: €3.9m Museum Square: €1.7m
Integration of national assistance instruments	'Architectural Preservation within Urban Development' programme

Contribution to achieving EU objectives	
Lisbon Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Creating the conditions for the town's positive economic development taking into account social integration and ecological development
Sustainable Development Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Encouragement for long-term growth processes and support for sustainable urban development generated • Revamping public spaces gives residents a sense of identity, improved living conditions and prevents outward migration • Strengthening of 'soft' location factors to attract investment
Leipzig Charter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Part of an IUDP • Implementation in disadvantaged district • Coordination with other measures in the town • Discussion with residents, umbrella associations, local politicians and local business representatives • Inter-departmental coordination and control in the administration

Project manager/contact	
Contact	Gerrit Haase Marktstrasse 1 Tel: +49 (0) 3603 859301 bauamt@bad-langensalza.thueringen.de
Project partner	German urban development society - regional office Weimar

Website: www.bad-langensalza.de; www.mensch-natur-und-staedtebau-2009.de

Case study: Bremen

Development and construction of the education centre Robinsbalje: Network all around the elementary school Robinsbalje, development of „learning neighborhoods“ to the strengthening of the residential accommodations and neighborhoods

OP priority: Activating urban areas for business and life

OP field of action: Social infrastructure



Project content	
Project aims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> District-based networking of schools with childcare centres, using aid and other advisory and support facilities to improve the circumstances and boost the educational opportunities for children of all ages and adults, especially from socially weak families
Project actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Conversion of a primary school into a neighbourhood education centre Various organisers brought together, coordinated and enabled to provide services on shared premises Assistance and advice in areas such as speech, development, healthcare, family and social affairs
Results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improvement of problematical district structures thanks to set-up of neighbourhood networks and strengthening social teaching based on a collection of inter-departmental actions

Project process	
Duration	About 3½ years
Start	Early 2007
Completion	Summer 2010

Funding	
Structural Fund	ERDF
Beneficiary	Local authority
Name of beneficiary	City of Bremen
Level of funding	About €1.2m
Integration of national assistance instruments	Urban Development Assistance (Social City)

Contribution to achieving EU objectives	
Lisbon Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Strengthening the city as a whole by securing its inner cohesion
Sustainable Development Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Use secured in the long-term Public space (land-use planning) Services: council education and social services departments
Leipzig Charter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Coordination with other actions in the town Discussion with local politicians, NGOs, residents – inter-departmental within the administration

Project manager/contact	
Contact	Bremen Senator for the Environment, Construction, Transport and European Affairs Contrescarpe 72, 28195 Bremen Referat 72, Frau Jüngst Tel: +49 (0) 421 3611 7380 annette.juengst@bau.bremen.de
Project partner	Senator for Education and Science; Senator for Employment, Women, Healthcare, Youth and Social Services; Huchting Council: Department of Healthcare; Department of Social Services; Bremer Immobilien GmbH; Hans Wendt Foundation; Paritätisches Bildungswerk; Haus der Familie, Alten Eichen Foundation in cooperation with Grenzgänger e.V.; Robinsbalje primary school; Robinsbalje kindergarten; Grolland Coaching Centre; Huchting District Project/Neighbourhood Management (Social City; Living in Neighbourhoods)

Website: www.efre-bremen.de; www.waller-heerstrasse.de

Case study: Göttingen, Lower Saxony
Coordination centre for the promotion of women in the private sector

OP priority: Business and employment
OP field of action: Improvement of women's employment



Project content	
Project aims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promoting women's equality in the workplace through advice and information • Integration of women in working life • Interface between regional business, the labour market, further training centres and local women • Showing employers how to create a family-friendly atmosphere
Project actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Advice for women returning to work, advising start-ups • Initiation of local further training courses • Management of a regional group of companies with the aim of promoting women • Networking and PR
Results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • To be evaluated annually (Mummert consult)

Project process	
Duration	7 years, annual application
Start	2007
Completion	2013

Funding	
Structural Fund	ERDF
Beneficiary	Local authority
Name of beneficiary	City of Göttingen – coordination centre for the promotion of women
Level of funding	€123,580
Integration of national assistance instruments	

Contribution to achieving EU objectives	
Lisbon Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Networking of business and science • Assistance for business start-ups
Sustainable Development Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Promotion of equal rights for women • Improvement of location
Leipzig Charter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Coordination with content of other actions • Discussion of project plan with local actors from politics and business • Politics and business • Development of inter-departmental coordination and control structures

Project manager/contact	
Contact	Coordination centre for the promotion of women in the private sector City of Göttingen Neues Rathaus Hiroshimaplatz 1–4 Room 1414
Project partner	

Website: www.frauen-wirtschaft.de

Case study: Halle, Saxony-Anhalt
Improvement of Delitzscher Strasse in Halle

OP priority: Technical infrastructure
OP field of action: Improvement of transport infrastructure



Project content	
Project aims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improvement of transport situation • Improved appearance of road
Project actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Thorough improvement of Delitzscher Strasse, renewal and partial expansion of facilities of all utilities when required involved in the action • Planting trees, new traffic lights
Results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construction began in July 2009 – not other results available yet

Project process	
Duration	About 4 years
Start	Early 2009
Completion	November 2012

Funding	
Structural Fund	ERDF
Beneficiary	Local authority
Name of beneficiary	City of Halle
Level of funding	€12,087,506
Integration of national assistance instruments	Unbundling Act

Contribution to achieving EU objectives	
Lisbon Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Improvement of local competitiveness
Sustainable Development Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Quality increase of residential environment, reduction of greenhouse gases, harmful emissions and noise pollution • Increased use of public transport, expansion of cycle track network
Leipzig Charter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementation in disadvantaged district, spatial, content and temporal coordination with other actions • Discussion local politicians and business actors, development, assessment and approval of inter-department steering group in the administration

Project manager/contact	
Contact	IPM Project Control Ingo Sterzing Tel: +49 (0) 345 581 5251 ingo.sterzing@ipm.bureauveritas.com
Project partner	

Website: www.halle.de

Case study: Remscheid, North Rhine-Westphalia
Integrated development of the district of Honsberg

OP priority: Sustainable urban and regional development
OP field of action: Integrated development of urban problem areas



Project content	
Project aims	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Improving the image of the district of Honsberg Enhancement of residential environment, creation of housing suitable for families, the elderly and special-needs residents, creation of multi-generational housing, creation of green links Collection of services organised by providers, institutions, religious communities under one roof
Project actions	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Staging of planning workshop: 'New Central Honsberg' Planned EU-wide investor competition, purchase and demolition of former furniture store – reuse Public green space, demolition of tenements owned by the municipal housing company, improvement and expansion of footpaths and cycle track networks, green links
Results	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> 'New Central Honsberg' planning workshop – implementation of project ideas from the winning entry with a flexible schedule in small, independent steps

Project process	
Duration	About 7 years
Start	2008
Completion	2015

Funding	
Structural Fund	ERDF
Beneficiary	Local authority
Name of beneficiary	
Level of funding	So far about €420,000 approved for sub-actions
Integration of national assistance instruments	Urban Development Assistance funding, Urban Regeneration West programme

Contribution to achieving EU objectives	
Lisbon Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Social and ethnic integration Environment: Reduction of sealed land, sustainable urban and regional development
Sustainable Development Strategy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Increased local competitiveness Enhancement of public spaces, improvement of social situation, improvement of cultural amenities Cut pollution, noise, consumption of natural resources, contribute to greater use of renewable energies and expansion of cycle track network
Leipzig Charter	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Part of an IUDP and IAP, implementation in disadvantaged district, coordinated with other actions Public participation and inter-department coordination

Project manager/contact	
Contact	City of Remscheid Urban Development and Business Services Ms Böhm Ludwigstrasse 14 42853 Remscheid Tel: +49 (0) 2191 162433 boehm@str.de
Project partner	Municipal housing company GEWAG, Protestant Church community, AWO, Stadtteile. V., DITIB

Website: www.remscheid.de